The National Republican.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 28, 1884.

THREE CENTS.

DEATH OF MINISTER HUNT.

He Dies at His Post of Duty at St. Petersburg,

Expressions of Condolence and Sympathy by the Russian Minister.

Sketch of the Active, Useful, and Honorable Career of the Deceased.

No Arrangements as to the Obsequies Yet Made.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 27 .- Mr. W. H. Hunt, United States minister, died this morning at 7:30 o'clock.

The ball which was to have been given at the British embassy to-day has been abandoned in consequence of the death of Minis-

The secretary of the navy issued the following general order yesterday:

NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The painful announcement is made to the navy and the marine corps of the death this morning at 8t. Peteraburg, Russia, while serving as envoy extraordinary and minister plenip-itentiary, of the honorable William B. Hunt, whose career as a jurist and in offices of public trust, including his services as secretary of the navy from the eighth of March, 1881, to the seventeenth of April, 1882, will be deservedly remembered and honored by the nation. y the nation,

As a mark of respect to the memory of the decased, the navy department will be draped in

nourning,

WILLIAM E. CHANDLER,

Secretary of the Navy.

Mr. de Struve, the Russian minister, called n Secretary Frelinghuysen yesterday and ead to him the following telegram from the minister for foreign affairs of Russia :

minister for loreign adjairs of Russia:

To the Russian Minister, Washington: The emperor instructs you to express to the President and to the government of the United States the sincere repret which the death of Mr. Huut causes his majesty.

I have no need to add that the government and Russian society are much affected by this loss.

Giens,

Mr. de Struve having expressed a wish to communicate in person this telegram to the President, Secretary Frellinghuysen accompanied him to the executive mansion where the President, after hearing the message of the emperor, replied in substance that the tidings of the death of Mr. Hunt were received by him with great sorrow, and that he felt the deepest sympathy with Mrs. Hunt and the afflicted family. That the kind and feeling message of the emperor and government was very greateful to him and would be appreciated by the people of the United States.

United States.

Judge Hunt was born in Charleston, S. C., about the year 1824. His father, an Euglishman by birth, emigrated to South Carolina, and thence to Louisiana. His paternal grandfather was commander-in-chief of the Bahama islands, and president of the king's council, an office of great diguity and importance at that time. Judge Hunt's mother was Louisa Gailliard, a sister of John Gailliard, who was for twenty-one years a senator from South Carolina. The Gailliards were of Huguenot stock.

Four of the Hunt brothers became distinguished after the removal of the family to Lou-isiana. Theodore Gailliard Hunt represented isiana. Theodore Gailliard Hunt represented the second Louisiana district in congress, and was one of the southern whigs who voted against the Kansas-Nebraska bill. He was afterward a judge of the criminal court of New Orleans. Dr. Thomas Hunt was at the head of the faculty of the New Orleans modical college; was alike distinguished as a physician, a scholar, and an orator. The younger brother, Judge Hunt, entered Yale scollege, but did not graduate. After he finished the junior year he returned to New Orleans, studied law with his brother, and was admitted to the bar before he had attained his majority. He soon took a high rank as a lawyer. He was not only an eloquent advocate, but was prefoundly versed in the law and was for a profoundly versed in the law and was for a time a professor in the New Orleans Law school. When the war came on he was in the enjoyment of a lucrative practice, and was one of the most distinguished lawyers and jurists in the state of Louisiana. He refused to join in the secession movement, and was a consistent union man during the war. When Admital Farragut entered New Orleans, Judgo Hunt was one of the few citizens who invited the officers of the navy to his house. He assisted in the reconstruction of the state, and was elected attorney general on the Packard ticket in 1876. He was counsel on the republican side in several of the impor-tant political cases that were heard in New Orleans during the revolutionary period. In 1878 he was appointed a judge of the United States court of claims. President Garfield ook him into his cabinet as a representative the union men of the south, and when President Arthur succeeded to the executive office he appointed him minister to Russia, a position for which he was eminently qualified. He has been a most useful embaseador, and had a most useful embassador, and had an opportunity of performing an ad-mirably service for his country in looking after the survivors of the Jeannette expe-dition and assisting them in making their way from a remote corner of the Russian empire to St. Petersburg and thence to their homes. Through his efforts the good offices of the Russian government were secured in bringing the remains of Commander De La and those who perished with him from the western coast of Siberia to the Russian

Judge Hunt was married twice. His first wife was a daughter of Commodore Ridgely, of the United States navy. Size was the mother of six children. One of them, Auson and is absent on a cruise. Another son re-sides in this city. The only daughter accom-panied her father and stepmether to St. Petersburg. Judge Hunt's second wife was the daughter-in-law of the late Bishop Hop-kins, of Connecticut. In his personal char-acteristics, Judge Hunt was one of the most acteristics, Judge Hunt was one of the most winning of men. Handsome, learned, and eloquent of speech, he possessed all the graces of a finished gentleman. Hon. Randall Hunt, at present representative in congress from the first Louisiana district, is his nephow.

An Irate Assemblyman.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27.-At a dinner given by Mr. Doggett last night, Mr. Howe, a member of the assembly, indulged in a burlesque upon the style, and manner of Assemblyman Burns, of Brooklyn. Mr. Burns this morning, upon hearing of the matter, deciared be would shoot Mr. Howe on sight. Subsequently friends of both parties brought them together upon the floor of the house. The together upon the floor of the house. The result of the conference was that Mr. Burns refused to be satisfied with a private explanaretused to be satisfied with a private expination by Mr. Howe, but agreed to accept a public apology on the floor of the house, and the latter finally accepted the proposition. Mr. Burns declared his purpose of resigning as a member of the house unless this was done, and take other means of redressing the insult. Just before the assembly adjourned this afternoon Mr. Howe, of New York rest a research to the state of New York rest a rest. noon Mr. Howe, of New York, rose to a per so all rowe, or New York, rose to a per-sonal explanation. He understood that some remarks he had made last night at a public dinner had given offense to Mr. Burns, of King's county, and he took the first oppor-tunity to say publicly that he reprected that any remarks or other action of his should have given him (Mr. Burns) offense or un-pleasant feelings. any remarks or c have given him pleasant feelings.

The Contractor in Contempt.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 27 .- Contractor McDonald, who refused to answer questions pertaining to his private business propounded

senate to-day to answer a charge of contempt. Ex-Senator Ecclesine acted as his counsel, and claimed that Mr. McDonald is not guilty of contempt, because the legislature, through its committee, was usurping judicial powers. The questions asked were immaterial and the refusal to answer them, therefore, constitutes no contempt. After several speeches by sen-ators the matter went over till to-morrow.

CAPITAL AND LABOR.

The Condition of Strikes in Various Cities-Some Hold Out and Others Are Over.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 27 .- The conference committees of the green glass bottle blowers and manufacturers having failed to settle the strike after numerous attempts, the blowers committee has given notice that no more meetings will be hold unless at the manufac-

The Allegheny Stonecutters' association, numbering 500, will meet in a few days to consider the advisability of demanding an

advance in wages.

The coal trade tribunal appointed to regu-

The coal trade tribunal appointed to regulate the wages of railroad miners will meet on March 10 to arrange a price for mining for spring and summer.

READING, PA., Fob. 27.—Notices are posted in nine hat factories here, employing fully soo hands, announced a reduction of 12 per cent. in wages after March 1. The reasons given for the reduction are strong competition and the exorbitant duty on wool. The hatters will hold a meeting to determine whether they will accept the reduction or not. There are over 1,500 people employed not. There are over 1,500 people employed in this industry in this section. The pro-prietors of the Weimer machine works, at Lebanon, employing several hundred hands, have made a reduction in wages of from 8 to

FALL RIVER, MASS., Feb. 27.-The Tocum-FALL RIVER, Mass., Feb. 27.—The Tocum-seb mills opened this morning and has 200 looms and 4,000 spindles running. The Crescent mills started with about fifty looms. The Borden City mills, which the leaders have made great efforts to stop, are running all their looms. The Wampanoag mills are running full, as is also the Pocasset. The Bourne & Barnaby, which struck, are also running. Secretary Howard claims that the manufacturers have not eatined and that the manufacturers have not gained, and that the strikers can hold out ten weeks longer if

Boston, Feb. 27.—The employes of H. H. Boston, Feb. 27.—The employes of H. H. Mason, cigar manufacturer, struck this morning, because of a reduction in the prices paid to bunchers. The executive board of the Cigarmakers' union will sustain the strike.

Reduction of Rates.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Commissioner Vining, of the Western Trunk Line association, this evening issued an order reducing freight rates both ways from Chicago and St. Louis to all Colorado points common to the Burlington and Missouri River, the Union Paoffice and the Denver and Rio Grande roads. The following are the reductions, to take effect immediately: On first class, 57 cents; second class, 70 cents; third class, 53 cents; fourth class, 37 cents; fifth class, 30 cents; class A, 32 cents; class B, 28 cents; class C, 23 cents, and class D, 23 cents; class C, 23 cents, and class D, 23 cents. B. 28 cents; class C, 23 cents, and class D, 23 cents. The above sums to be a reduction from the rates quoted in the joint through freight tariff issued Feb. 20. This reduction is made to meet the cutting of rates by the St. Louis and San Francisco line to Colorado points during the past two weeks. The officials of the Burlington and Quincy, Chicago and Alton, and Atchison, Topeka, and Sants Fe, tated this afternoon that if the above reduction was ordered by the Western Trunk Line association they would at once meet the same.

Important Miscegenation Trial. Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 27.—The case of Robert Bailey, colored, on trial for marrying a white girl, contrary to the law of 1840, which imposes a fine of \$100 and three months' imprisonment for a white person marrying one of negro blood, or vice versa, was tried here of negro blood, or vice versa, was tried here to-day. A demurrer was filed by the defense that the law was unconstitutional under the fourteenth amendment. The judge overruled the demurrer, holding that the law did not legislate in favor of the white race, imposing the same penalty on the person of either race marrying a woman of the opposite race. Bailey was found guilty, and given the full penalty of the law. The only other case under this law was tried in Cleveland and dismissed, the judge holding the law was unconstitutional.

Flood Notes.

CORINTH, Miss., Feb. 27 .- At daylight this morning it began to rain and continued slowly until 3 o'clock, when it turned cold and commenced sleeting and snowing. At 7 p. m. the snow was three inches deep and the weather very cold.

New York, Feb. 27.—Gilmore's band, of

this city, gave a concert on Sunday evening last in aid of the Ohio flood sufferers, which resulted in a net gain of \$1,308, for which amount Mr. P. S. Gilmore to-day sent a draft to Mayor Charles D. Jacob, of Louisville, K. to be used in such way as he and the relief committee may deem best. Boston, Feb. 27.—The western relief fund

here amounts to \$19,000.

Boston, Feb. 27 .- Maj. McElrath, chief of the secret service for New England, has made a discovery of the gilding of the 5 centnickel by manufacturors of cheap jewelry, by which the coin is made to look like a \$5 gold piece. The makers expressed surprise when informed they were violating the law against counter feiting, and agreed to surrender to the all samples of jewelry they had made.

Indiana Democrats Won't Accept Ex-Senator McDonald's Resignation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 27 .- The democratic state central committee to-day fixed June 25 as the date of the state convention. Ex-Senator McDonald tendered his resignation as chairman, but the committee declined to accept it, and he will continue to act, temporarily at least.

A Hotel and Other Buildings Burned, LINCOLN, NEB., Feb. 27 .- A fire in J. L. Osborn & Co.'s butter and egg packing house this evening destroyed the four-story build-ing, 50 by 140 feet, and a large amount of stock. The St. Charles hotel, adjoining, was also burned with several small residences The hotel loss is \$75,000.

Bodies Identified.

HARRISBURG, PA., Feb. 27 .- The bodies of two men found in the canal at this place early this morning have been identified as a peddler, named Meyer, of Reading, Pa., and a colored man from Hummelstown, Pa., named Alexander Snyder, both of whom have been missing for some time.

A Counterfeiter Captured. DES MOINES, Feb. 27.-United States Sccret Service Detective Stenman, with a deputv. made a raid at Kellerton last night, and captured Dr. R. Tripp, a counterfeiter. A quantity of counterfeit money, tools, and metals was captured. Tripp was brought to

Alabama Republicans.

TALLADEGA, ALA., Feb. 27.—The republican executive committee of the seventh congressional district met at Anniston to-day and called a republican convention, to meet at Anniston April 12, to select two delegates to Chicago.

Bismarck Has Defied the World. PARIS, Feb. 27 .- Le Paris says: Prince Bismarck has not only outraged the American republic, but has defled the world. But de by the senate investigating committee in moracy has more serious things to thin New York, was brought before the bar of the about than to mind this insolent challenge.

THE WAR IN EGYPT.

The Advance of the English Troops on Teb Already Commenced.

Confidence That They Will Be Victorious Is Lessening in Cairo.

An Irish Dynamits Society Discovered by the Police in Paris-Former Fenians in the Party.

Emperor Williams's Banquet to the Russian Grand Duke-Other Foreign News.

THE WAR IN EGYPT. CAIRO, Feb. 27.—The advance of the En-glish troops on Teb commenced before day-break to-day, Two hundred and fifty men were left to garrison Trinkitat, and a force of 3,500 men advanced to the attack. It was expected a battle would be fought about 9 o'clock in the morning. The naval brigrade has joined Gen. Graham, with two 9-pounders. There is a growing anxiety in Cairo about the result of the expedition and less confidence is felt that the English will be victorious. The black troops at Suakin have been found to be in communication with Ohmed Baroudi, second in command under Osman Digma. Admiral Hewitt has forbid-

Osman Digma. Admiral Hewith has forbidden them to leave the camp, and has stationed the gunbouts Decoy and Sphinx so that their guns command the camp, with orders to open fire if there are any symptoms of mutiny.

The mudir of Menia to-day arrested a rebel emissary, who confessed under pressure that El Mahdi's men were advancing more in hopes of plunder than for political reasons.

TRINKITAT, Feb. 27.—The British camp is well protected with earthworks. Spies report that Osman Digma is threatening Sonkin. Admiral Hewett has returned to Suakin. The rebels are massing one mile from Fort Baker, and firing at the British videttes without, however, doing any harm, A Krupp gun has just been mounted at the fort.

CAIRO, Feb. 27.—Gen. Gordon reports that the Soudan is tranquil. He is sending 300 invalids down the river. KHARTOUM, Feb. 27.—A man, who has been

Khartoum, Feb. 27.—A man, who has been ten days in making the journey, arrived here this morning from El Obeid. He reports that the garrisons of Elfasher, Darra, Masteri, and Foga are still surrounded, while the garrisons of Om Shanga and Thasi have surrendered. He says there had been no fighting at Bahrgazelle. He saw three Englishmen at El Obeid who were captured at Kashgil. They were well treated. The missionaries were not molested. The Mahdi has only a garrison at El Obeid. The Arabs have gone to their villages, but are under promise gone to their villages, but are under promise to assemble in case of war. Merchants are passing freely between here and Dongola. SUAKIN, Feb. 27.—A fight took place to-day on the Berber road, nine miles from Suakin,

between robols and friendly tribes. Some of the latter cut their way through. Two thou-sand men gathered from tribes numbering 10,000 wish to come in to-morrow. The friendly tribes desire to fight if they are

DYNAMITERS IN PARIS.

DYNAMITERS IN PARIS.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—The police here are convinced that the advanced Irish party have made Faris their headquarters in Europe for the preparation of their dynamite schemes. Inspector Moser, acting under instructions from the British home secretary, and aided by a French commissary of police, are watching the movements of suspected Irishmen. The nationalist colony includes representative of the three centers of the Irish Republican Brotherhood. The first section comprises the former Fenians—Jas. Stephens, John O'Leary, and Gen. MacAdaras. The last-named gentleman, in an interview, disavowed belonging to the society. His mission was to counsel friends of extreme violent views, but it was not his duty to relieve their attempts, however not his duty to relieve their attempts, he was certain that other nationalists shared

this view. Capt. McCafferty said the weak were justicapt, arctanerey said the walk wife strong, fied in using terrorism against the strong, the repudlated affiliation with continental secret societies. He sympathized with revolutionary propagandism in Europe because Ireland was benefited thereby; but nationalsm, even the most extreme, was not noces sarily linked with nihilism or anarchy denied conspiring actively, but added that experience was valuable to prevent a repeti-tion of former mistakes. The police have traced the arrival of five "transfers," or men belonging to the third or active section, the dynamitors who have been told off for the next attempts. One of them is from Buffalo, N. Y.; one from Paterson, N. J.; one from Brook-lyn, N. Y., and two from Texas. They are believed to be pupils of Mezeroff. The other Irishmen under watch are Cornelius Culli-more, Eugene Davis, and Casey. It is believed that the dynamite is made at Montrouge. Y.; one from Paterson, N. J.; one from Brook The supposed manufacturer is registered a an authorized chemical student. The meas an authorized chemical student.
ure under which authorization is necessary i confined to the making of dynamite. The instructor is believed to be a man named Brady, under the alias of King. The brother-hood meet in the Rue Corneille, Rue Saint Honore, and Avenue Victor Hugo.

GERMANY AND RUSSIA.

BERLIN, Feb. 27.—The Emporor William gave a state banquet to night in honor of the special Russian embassy, and Grand Duke Michael, Gen. Gourko, and other prominent Michael, Gen. Gourko, and other prominent Russians were present. The emperor had previously bestowed on Grand Duke Michael the cordon of the Order of the Black Eagle, which the latter wore. The grand duke sat between the Emperor William and the Empress Augusta, and opposite Count Von Moltke, who sat between Gen. Gourko and Gen. Count Schouvaloff, The Emperor William wore the uniform of a Kaluga regiment. He proposed a toast in honor of the czar, speaking in the French henor of the czar, speaking in the French language. He said: "I am anxious to ex-press to your highness how much I am touched at the attention of the czar in having remembered the anniversary of my receiving the order of St. George after had fought in the Russian army in the Kaluga regiment, of which I am colonel, under the eyes of my father. I am profoundly touched by this flattering sourvenir. I desire your highness, together with the officers selected for this mission, to be the interpreters of my grateful sentiments toward the czar. I drink to the health of the

Grand Duke Michael presented to Emperor William an autograph letter from the czar and a baton of a Russian field marshal set in brilliants.
The St. Petersburg Gazette says that joint

endeavors to preserve the peace of Europe will, no matter what changes occur, always form a bond of union between Eussia and

A MINISTER SENTENCED. CHRISTIANA, Feb. 27.—The trial of Chris-tian August Selmer, minister of state for Norway, under articles of impeachment, was concluded to-day before the rigaret or su-preme tribunal. The minister was adjudged guilty and sentenced to forfoit his place as minister and his membership of the council, and to pay 18,225 kroner costs (about

THE TONQUIN WAR. PARIS, Feb. 27.—M. Ferry, prime minister and minister of foreign affairs, will, at the in-stance of M. Tricon, lately French minister to China, modify the treaty of Hue so that the inhabitants will be relieved of the ex-actions of the Mandarins. The situa-tion in Tonquin is excellent. It is

believed that the capture of

will offer no serious difficulty. The military operations in Tonquin are regarded as almost

terminated. It is reported that the Annamites recently made an attack upon the French near Hanoi. The result of the engagement is unknown. The Chinese legation here has no information in regard to the reported attack.

A Big Storm in the West. Sr. Paul, Minn., Feb. 27.—Advices report light snew, high wind, and drifting on the Manitoba line. The storm on the Minneapo-Manitoba line. The storm on the Minneapo-lis and St. Louis, which set in last night, developed to-day into the worst blizzard of the season, the snow drifting heavily, par-ticularly west of Albert Lea. The running of freight trains has been temporarily aban-dened, but passenger trains are running on slow time. On the Winona and St. Peter road all trains have been abandoned until the weather moderates. On the Northern Pacific the weather is very cold and stormy in the east, and some trouble is experienced from weakened track from floods on the Yeilowstone end.

Yellowstone end.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 27.—A passenger train east from Millbank is blockaded at Odessa, and one going west has been abandoned. All outgoing trains on the Canadian Pacific from St. Vincent were withdrawn yesterday.

Petersburg and the Virginia and Caro-

Hua Railread.
PETERSBURG, VA., Feb. 27.—A largely attended special meeting of the chamber of commerce was held this afternoon, when commerce was held this afternoon, when resolutions were adopted heartily indorsing the action of the city council in appointing a committee to petition the legislature for authority to issue bonds to au amount not exceeding \$150,000 to aid in the building of a Virginia and Carolina railroad, and to have Petersburg on the line of the road. The chamber appointed a committee to go before the legislature with the committee from the city council to aid them in securing the necessary legislation. Both committees will leave for Richmond to-morrow.

Our Flag Not Insulted. TORONTO, ONT., Feb. 27.—There is no truth whatever in the statement which has appeared in several American papers that an insult was offered to the American flag on Washington's offered to the American flag on Washington's birthday by the proprictors of the Toronto Mail. The American flag has not only always flown from the office of the consul in the Mail building, but on occasions like that in question it has flown from the main tower of the building, in the most conspicuous place in the city, until the time for which it was ordered up by the consul had expired.

A Scarlet Fever Epidemic.

RICHMOND, VA., Feb. 27.—About a week ago one of the pupils at Blacksburg college, in Montgomery county, died of scarlet fever, and to-day the report reached here of two new cases of the disease there. President Conrad, of the college, and Col. Preston, second in charge, have been in Richmond for several days, but the latter returned to the college to-day. Prompt steps will be taken to prevent a spread of the disease, and if found necessary President Conrad will send all the pupils home.

Slugger Sullivan Matched.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27 .- An agreement was signed last night between John L. Sulliwas agned tast hight between John L. Shin-van and G. W. Robinson, a knocking-out contest of four rounds. Robinson is the champion heavy weight of the Olympic club. The conditions of the match are four rounds, Marquis of Queensberry rules, the match to take place within ten days. There will be no stakes. Sollivan is to receive two-thirds and Robinson one-third of the not receipts.

Lieut. Rhodes's \$3,000.

New Haven, Conn., Feb. 27.—Lieut. Rhodes has deposited in bank \$3,000 received from various sources in testimonials for his bravery at the Gay Head disaster, and awaits permission from Secretary Folger to divide the money among his shipmates on the Dexter. To forestall a possible adverse decision by the secretary, Lieut. Rhodes has pur-chased new uniforms and blankets for every man on board.

Another Victim of the City of Columbus DOVER, N. H., Feb. 27 .- Cornelius O'Leary left here farly in January and nobody knew where he went. To-day a letter was received from Squibnocket, Dukes county, Mass., stat-ing that the pocketbook of Con. O Leary, of ing that the pocketbook of Con. O'Leary, of Dover, N. H., was found near Gay Head. It is supposed that O'Leary shipped as fireman on the City of Columbus, and was lost,

A Missing Builder.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.-A. K. H. Doughty, a carpenter and builder, left his home in Ellwood, Atlantic county, N. J., on Thursday last to come to this city to transact some business. He had in his possession between \$400 and \$500 in money and some valuable jowelry, and he has not since been en. The police have sent out a general

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 27.-T. Harry Bussey's father expresses the belief that Ida Brown,

who was shot by Mrs. Bussey at Rochester yesterday, is one of several persons who had entered into a conspiracy to extort money from Eussey. He says two women had been from Eussey. He says two women following his son for several weeks. Emma Nevada Becomes a Convert.

PARIS, Feb. 27 .- Miss Nevada, the Ameri-

an prima donna, has become a convert to the Roman Catholic faith. She will shortly receive the rite at the English Passionist church. M. Gounod, the composer, will be one of the sponsors.

Lieut. Dauenhower's Approaching Marriage.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.-Lieut. Danenhower, late of the Jeannette, and Miss Helen Slean will be married at Oswego March 12, and after the wedding will make a visit for a month to Washington.

The Ohio Civil Rights Bill Condemned COLUMBUS, OHIO, Feb. 27.-The Ohio Equal Rights League association to-day issued an address to the colored voters of Ohio condemning the Crowell civil rights bill passed by the legislature on Feb. 5 Still Attacking Minister Sargent.

BERLIN, Feb. 27 .- The Deutsche Tagblatt says: Minister Sargent has so compromised his government that if the latter does not wish further embarrassment it must dispense

Four Boys Blown to Atoms. OMAHA, NEB., Feb. 27 .- Four boys, 10 to 17 years old, while hunting south of the city this afternoon exploded a powder house containing over six tons of powder. All four were

To Be Buried in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Feb. 27.—The legislature has made provisions for bringing the remains of the distinguished war correspondent, J. A. McGrahan, from Constantinople to Ohio for burial.

Taken from the Hospital and Hanged. DEADWOOD, D. T., Feb. 27 .- Harry Tuttle, who was wounded in the fight at Stoneville, was taken from the hospital at Spear-fish last night by eight masked men and hanged.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The steamer Thetis, re-cently purchased by America at Dundee to be used in the Greely relief expedition, has set sail for America.

THE TROUBLE AT HOT SPRINGS.

Men Forced to Leave at the Point of the Hayonet-A Serious State of Affairs.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK., Feb. 27 .- The condition of affairs here is most deplorable. Doran, Pruitt, Landing, and Allison, who were com mitted without bail for murder on the street on Feb. 9, were taken to the penitentiary at Little Rock to-day, and were tendered an ovation by a number of citizens before their departure. The feeling of bitterness, and its intensity, cannot be described. The com-mittee of fourteen, some of whom are citizens intensity, cannot be described. The committee of fourteen, some of whom are citizens and some are not, virtually centrol the town. The laws are practically suspended, and the committee have things in their own hands. They are controlled in a great measure by a man known here as Chaš Watson, but whose real name is Chas Faulk, who is under indictment at Carlisle, Pa., for murder, arson, and burglary. Faulk furnishes to the committee the names of objectionable persons, who invariably are men who were witnessed against Doran and his accomplices. It was rumored this afternoon that M. C. Harris, editor of the Horseshee, who has denounced the murderers and the action of the committee, would be notified to leave the city in the morning. Mr. Harris expresses contempt for the whole party, and continues to publish the facts in regard to the assassination. About twenty additional men were compelled to leave the city to-day by order of the committee at the point of the bayonet. Every one forced to leave was a material witness against Doran and his accomplices in the bloody work of the ninth.

Conference of Prison Officials.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27 .- A conference of prison officials was begun to-day at the Fifth Avenue hotel, and will be continued to-morrow and Friday. The conference was got up by the National Prison association and several state associations for the purpose of learning the views of the officials in regard to the reform that is needed in prisons and jails throughout the country. Representatives were present from the prisons at Sing Sing and Auburn, N. Y., southern Illinois penitentiary, Illinois penitentiary, Illinois penitentiary, D. C., National Prison association, Albany, Eastern State penitentiary, Prison State board Ft. Atkinson; Elmira reformatory, State Board of Charities, Ohio; Jackson penitentiary, Michigan; Missouri State penitentiary, House of Correction, Chicago; State Board of Charities, Illinois; Blackwell's Island penitentiary, New Jersey penitentiary, Milwankee House of Correction, North Carolina penitentiary, New Jersey State prison, and the National Prison association. The Rev. Dr. Prime presided. The conference was held with closed doors. The ventilation, size, bedding, light, heat, and cleanliness of prison cells were discussed and also the clothing supplied to prisoners. Nearly all the wardens present thought that the cells in most of the prisons were entirely too small. ral state associations for the purpose of were entirely too small.

Inquest on Salmi Morse. New York, Feb. 27 .- The inquest in the case of Salmi Morse, the author of the "Passion Play," who was found drowned in the East river on Friday last, was begun to-day. East river on Friday last, was begun to-day. After testimony had been taken as to the finding of the body, Miss Blackburn, an actress, said early on Friday morning last Morse accompanied her home from the Cosmopolitan theater. While they were sitting talking, Mr. McGinney, the business manager of that theater, came in. They were the bitterest enemies. With an oath McGinney struck Mr. Morsa with his fist and called him. ger of that theater, came in. They were the bitterest enemies. With an eath McGinney struck Mr. Morse with his fist and called him "an old rascal." Mr. Morse fell, but get up afterward and went out, followed by McGinney. The men had come to blows in her house before. Six hours later McGinney called on her, and the witness described his disordered and excited appearance when admitted. In the afternoon McGinney called the mitted. mitted. In the afternoon McGinney called at her house again. She reproached him and he left. The further hearing of testimony was adjourned until to-morrow.

A Wreck Identified-Fears That the Crew is Lost.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Feb. 27 .- The loose wreckage which has been floating around near Long Branch came ashore at Asbury Park yesterday. The wreckage consisted of a mizzenmast, main boom, main gaff, quarter deck, and rigging. These were identified by Capt. Osborn, of Manasquan, one of the owners of the vessel, as a part of the schooner John K. Shaw, Capt. Honry Osborn, which left Newport News, Va., on Feb. 20, for New Hayen. No tidings have been received from No tidings have been received from the the crew, and it is feared they are crow consisted of seven men and the

Masked Men Board a Train.

NASHVILLE, TENN., Feb. 27.-The passongers on a train which arrived this afternoon from Louisville report that when the train reached Nolin's station fifty masked men, armed with guns and pistols, boarded it. The passengers supposed them to be train robbers, and were greatly alarmed. The leader of the mob explained that they were looking for a negro, who was charged with assaulting a young lady at Elizabeth-town, and who was supposed to be on the train en route to Sonora, Ky., for trail. The negro was not on the train, the sheriff having received notice of the mob's intentions.

The Way They Treat Negroes.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 27 .- A Vicksburg special says: Harry Stith, a colored policeman, arrested Harry Johnson, a well-known steamboat engineer, this afternoon for some trivial offense. Johnson refused to go with the officer, and stabbed him in the groin. Stith then shot Johnson twice. Both died in as few minutes. Tom Johnson the second mate of the steamer Hard Cash, shot Ben Jackson, a colored rouster, fatally on the Delta wharf boat yesterday.

Horsewhipped by Two Women. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—Two women horsewhipped D. L. Regenberger, a prominent attorney, this morning. As Regenberger was walking along Kearney street the women sprang from a carriage, applied the lash, and re-entering the carriage drove away. The cause of the assault is said to be expressions of the attorney resenting the intrusion of the women into his society at the Mardi Gras

Coal for the Steamer Bear. NEW YORK, Feb. 27 .- A trial yesterday

ball last night.

showed that anthracite coal could be used for the steamer Bear, of the Greely relief expedition, but that her speed would be reduced one-third as compared with that attained by the use of Welsh coal.

Convicted of Manslaughter. DOVER, N. H., Feb. 27 .- The jury in the

Grant murder case to-day rendered a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree. Sentence was deferred. The prisoner was taken to jail completely broken down.

Bismarck's Action to be Discussed.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 27 .- The German social-

sts of this city have called a meeting for

next Sunday to discuss Prince Bismarck's action in rejecting the Lasker resolutions Death of Ex-Gov. Hubbard. HARTFORD, CONN., Feb. 28 .- Ex-Gov.

Hubbard died at 1:30 this morning (the twenty-eighth),

The Weather.

Ram and snow, followed during the night by coller, partly cloudy weather, scatherly winds shifting o west and worthwest, falling followed by rising ba-

Yesterday's thermometer: 7 a. m., 35.0°; 11 a. m., 3.2°; 3 p. m., 48.8°; 7 p. m., 44.0°; 11 p. m., 40.0°; maximum, 51.17 minimum, 54.5%.

BOURBON PROPHETS.

They Foretold the Danville Murders Week Before They Were Committed.

They Knew Bacause They Intended to Do the Murdering.

"If Niggers Interfere It Is Not Wrong to Shoot Em Down Like Dogs,"

The Investigation Interrupted From the Lack of Funds to Pay Witnesses.

The investigation of the senate subcommittee on the Danville mussacro was concluded for the present by the examination of three more witnesses. No more will be examined until the house makes an appropriation for the expenses.

The first witness examined yesterday was

Squire Tulliver, a big colored man, who had once been health officer of Danville. He was a shrowd man, although uneducated, and was ossessed of a certain vein of dry humor that severely taxed Senator Vanco's temper during the cross-examination. He was at the scene of the riot when the firing began, but did not see much for he was frightened so seriously that he rau home, locked himself

but did not see much for he was frightened so seriously that he ran home, locked himself up, and never opened a door until Monday morning. In fact, he had not yet recovered from his fright. While he was thus locked up crowds of wnite men surrounded his house and demanded admission on the pretense that they had a telegram for him. He did not admit them. "I didn't want any news at that time of night," said he. They tried to rattle his door down, and would have done so except that they were afraid. He heard them say, "He's not d—d fool, and any one who breaks into that house will be carried away." He was not a fighting man, but they feared him when they had made him desperate. They were also afraid of "public gaze." The reason why the witness ran away from the fight was because "it was gettin' billious for 'squire."

A number of white men told him before the riot that there was going to be hell in Danville and that they would get him sure. About the middle of October Mr. Cobb, talking to the witness in the street, said the white people had made up their minds to beat at all hazards. The witness asked him how they were going to do it, and he answered, "With double-barreled shotguns and Smith and Wesson double-action pistols." The witness thought it was a joke. A week after he was in a barber shop telling some of the colored boys about it, and said that he thought mess thought it was a joke. A week after he was in a barber shop telling some of the colored boys about it, and said that he thought Mr. Cobb was just "trying to blow?" Cobb had come in and overheard him and said he thought witness was mistaken. About the same time Mr. Seward, a white man, told a number of negroes that it was no use for them to register, for the white men were going to beat them anyway. Witness saked

them to register, for the white men were going to beat them anyway. Witness asked him how he was going to do it. He replied, "Double-barreled shotguns and pistois, and, d—n you, we're goin' to git you too."

Mr. Blair, president of the city conneil, told the witness ten days age that the white men had been trying to kill the witness for two months, because he had registered two many colored boys, saying they were 21 years old. He told Mr. Blair that the Lord never did anything which the devil approved.

"Are you proud of your cowardice?" asked Gov. Vance, with much sarcasm.

"Yes, I am," said the witness, "and in another sense I am ashamed of it; ashamed that I have to run from people who are trying to kill me without any proper cause."

The witness did not know who the men

The witness did not know who the men

were who were trying to get into his house, except Mr. Lowry and Mr. Wing. He recognized them by their voices.

The following notice, addressed "To Squira Tulliver," and styled "Official," had beds thrust under the door of his house:

"You are considered one of the leaders or instigators of the late riot in Danville. As such you are responsible for the bleed split therein. We have determined that your stay in Danville is injurious to public peace, Therefore, you must go. You are given three

days to prepare to leave. If, after the three days, you are found in Dauville, you must take the consequences."

Isaac C. Coleman, colored, testified that on the day of the riot and before it occurred he heard a conversation in Mr. Jones's drug-store, where the witness was employed as a porter. Dr. Robinson and Mr. Mercer, one of the clerks in the store, talked together in what witness thought was a joking way. The doctor had said something which witness did not hear, and Mercer said he would set Col. Sims after him. The doctor replied that he was a man of peace. The doctor had a very fine gun in his hand. One barrel was loaded. The doctor loaded the other barrel and went out, saying that he wasn't much of a hunter. This was about 11 o'clock in the morning. When the firing began Mr. Mercer said, "Well, it has begun and I don't know where it willend." Mr. Jones, witness's employer, bad advised him two weeks before the shoot-ing not to attend meetings of colored men, as he had been doing, and to look out either for his bread and meat or himself, because

the people were very much excited.

About two or three weeks before the shooting Dr. Temple said, in the course of a con sation, "I have always been very fond of the negroes, and I have always been willing to treat then well, but when they interfere I don't think it wrong to shoot can down like

Samuel F. Early, colored, testified that on the morning of election day he saw two boxes of pistols distributed to white men at boxes of pistols distributed to white men at Mr. Trailor's hardware store. Witness went to the shop to buy nails, but could not get to the counter because of the throng of white men getting pistols. The arms had just arrived from the railroad that morning. Two or three days before the shooting William Jones, a white man, and a friend of the witness, told him to keep off the street. Ho said he had heard that the witness would be hung on the night of the riot, because he was chairman of the committee, if he did not keep off the street. Witness did not vote because he was chairman of the committee, if he did not keep off the street. Witness did not vote because he was chairman of the committee.

THE COPIAH INVESTIGATION.

NEW OBLEANS, Feb. 27. - The senate comnittee investigating the Capinh county, Mississippi election outrages to-day continued its examination of witnesses called by the dem-

James S. Sexton was recalled. He said that Burkin told him that a few nights after elec-tion himself and Joe Bondwant, just to have a little fun, had gone to Orman's house and fired off their pistols, and that Orman ran away, but returned next day, and told Burkin that 150 armed mon had visited his house and riddled it with buckshot. Soon after this Orman left the county. Burkin, Bondwant, and Orman were all republicans. The witness did not believe that there was any conspiracy between Wheeler and others to take the life of Matthews.

Rev. W. B. Bingham, formerly county superintendent of education, testified that equal educational facilities were enjoyed by all, regardless of color.

A. C. McNair, attorney, testified, impeaching the character of Burkin and Joshua Wallace, who have testified before the com-H. C. Conn, of counsel for the people of Copiah county, before the committee testified that he bad canvassed the county for Barksdaje in 1882, and that Earksdale's majority

F. Conn testified that there was a full

B. F. Conn testified that the and fair election at Green's store John Force testified, impeaching the char-